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FACING PAGE

Washington, DC Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		01/01/18	AND END	DING	12/31	1/18	
		MM/DD/YY				MM/DD/YY	
A. RE	GISTRAN	T IDENTIF	ICATION				
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ViewTra	ade Secu	rities, Inc.			OFFICI/	AL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	ISINESS: (D	o not use P.O.	Box No.)		FIR	M I.D. NO.	
7280 W Palmetto Road #310		•					
	(1	No. and Street)					
Boca Raton		FL			33433		
(City)		(State)			(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF I	PERSON TO	CONTACT IN	REGARD TO	THIS RE	(561) 620-9303	Felephone Number	
B. AC	COUNTAN	NT IDENTIF	ICATION		(Area Couc -	reteptione (valueer)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion	on is contained	in this Report*				
Spicer Jeffries LLP							
	(Name - if in	dividual, state last	, first, middle name	?)			
4601 DTC Boulevard, Suite	700 Der	nver		CO		80237	
(Address)	(City)			(State)		(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:							
Certified Public Accountant							
Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Ur	nited States o	r any of its pos	sessions.				
					·		
	PUK UFF	ICIAL USE	<u>URLT</u>				

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



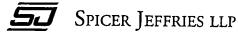
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Megan K. Deihl		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
•	wledge and belief the accompanying fi ade Securities, Inc.	nancial statement	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of	December 31	, 20 18	, are true and correct Further swear (or affirm) that
neither	the company nor any partner, propriet ed solely as that of a customer, except a	or, principal office	er or director has any proprietary interest in any account MAR U 1 2019
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			Washington, DC
	·	•	
	LISA CIERVO MY COMMISSION # FF 928215 EXPIRES: January 17, 2020		Signature Oal
1	Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriter.		CFO/FIN OP
_		· .	Title
	Kelle (10 Sex)		
	Notary Public		
This re	port ** contains (check all applicable b	oxes):	•
	Facing Page.	o	
``	Statement of Financial Condition.		
	Statement of Income (Loss).	. 1.4.	
	Statement of Changes in Financial Co Statement of Changes in Stockholders		rs' or Sala Proprietors' Capital
	Statement of Changes in Stockholders Statement of Changes in Liabilities St		
	Computation of Net Capital.		inis of Orealions.
	Computation for Determination of Res	serve Requirement	s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
Πö	Information Relating to the Possession	or Control Requi	rements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	A Reconciliation, including appropriat	e explanation of th	e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the	Reserve Requiren	nents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited consolidation.	and unaudited Sta	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
7 0	An Oath or Affirmation.		
	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep	ort.	
			ist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholder and Board of Directors of ViewTrade Securities, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ViewTrade Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018 and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2001.

Denver, Colorado February 19, 2019



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from clearing brokers	\$	2,345,553 2,141,336
Due from related parties (Note 3)		3,850,708
Securities owned, at fair value (Note 2)		99,166
Other receivables		195,461
Software license, net of \$1,145,833 of amortization		604,167
Other assets		36,569
Total assets	\$	9,272,960
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	332,119
Accrued commissions and payroll		932,914
Deferred revenue		366,784
Total liabilities		1,631,817
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 3 and 6)		
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY: (Note 5)		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,000 shares authorized; 100 shares issued and outstanding		1
Additional paid-in capital		1,932,299
Retained earnings		5,708,843
Total shareholder's equity		7,641,143
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	9,272,960

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

ViewTrade Securities, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware in May 2000. The Company is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ViewTrade Holding Corporation ("VTH").

Clearing Agreement

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k) (2) (ii) and Rule 15c3-3(k) (2) (i), is exempt from the reserve and possession or control requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing broker provides that as clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereon, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmation and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self-Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Revenue recognition

The Company records proprietary transaction, commission revenue and related expenses on a trade date basis. Securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis and related charges in fair value are reflected in income.

Investment banking fees include fees arising from securities offerings and private placements in which the Company acts as an agent. Investment banking fees are recorded on the completion date of the securities offering. Other revenue is recognized when earned.

Depreciation

The Company provides for depreciation of furniture, equipment and software on a straight-line basis over the estimated lives of the related assets ranging from 3 to 7 years.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with its parent and provides for income taxes as if the Company filed separately. The Company, however, does not file consolidated for state income tax purposes. The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Accounting Standards Classification Topic 740-10, "Accounting for Income Taxes."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income Taxes (concluded)

Under the asset and liability method of ASC Topic 740-10, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences or benefits attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any tax related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states. The Company is not subject to income tax return examinations by major taxing authorities for years before 2015. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Company recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. However, the Company's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of and changes to tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Valuation of Securities

The Company values its securities using Account Standards Codification 820, "Fair Value Measurements" (ASC 820). Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and blockage discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Valuation of Securities (continued)

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction.

To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company values investments in securities and securities sold, not yet purchased that are freely tradable and are listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

Many cash and over the counter (OTC) contracts have bid-and-ask prices that can be observed in the marketplace. Bid prices reflect the highest price that the marketplace participants are willing to pay for an asset. Ask prices represent the lowest price that the marketplace participants are willing to accept for an asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

For securities whose inputs are based on bid-ask prices, the Company's valuation policies required the fair value be within the bid-ask range, the Company's policy for securities traded in the OTC markets and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at their last reported "bid" price these securities are included in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Software License

On July 1, 2014, the Company entered into a software licensing agreement with its parent company for a seven-year, non-exclusive agreement for the use of the proprietary trading software owned by ViewTrade Holdings Corp. The Company paid \$1,750,000 and is amortizing this straight-line over seven years. The license has accumulated amortization of \$1,145,833 and the Company recorded \$250,000 of amortization during the year as part of its communications and data processing expense.

Recent Accounting Announcements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either operating or financing, with such classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect this to have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 2 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820. See Note 1 for a discussion of the Company's policies.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of December 31, 2018.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Significant Other Observable Imputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2018	
Investments in securities, at fair value	s 99,16	<u> 5 </u>	<u>s</u> -	s 99,166	

The Company did not have any significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE 3 - COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At December 31, 2018, aggregate minimum future rental commitments under these leases with initial or remaining terms in excess of one year are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	 Amount
2019	167,866
2020	 -
	\$ 167,866

Total rental expense of \$200,203 including the non-cancellable leases referred to above, was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2018.

In addition, at December 31, 2018, the Company had receivables from its parent of \$3,271,372 and to a sister company of \$579,336. The advances are non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company recorded an income tax provision resulting from income recorded on a separate company basis. The recorded income tax provision of \$592,917 and reflects the 21% income tax rate combined with the state income taxes at their prevailing statutory rates.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(concluded)

NOTE 5 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At December 31, 2018, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$2,939,363 and \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 0.43 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is in business as a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. The Company is a retail brokerage house and deals primarily in equity securities which it buys and sells on behalf of its customers on a fully disclosed basis, and for itself in its own trading activities.

In the normal course of business, the Company's client activities ("clients") through its clearing brokers involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various client securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event the client fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the client's obligations.

The Company is involved in various disputes arising in the normal course of business, some of which are indeterminable in amount. Management, after review and discussion with counsel, believes the Company has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself in these matters, but it is not feasible to predict the final outcome at the present time.

In the Company's trading activities, the Company has acquired securities for its own account and may incur losses if the market value of these securities declines subsequent to December 31, 2018.

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, due from clearing brokers, due from related parties, net software license, other receivables, other assets, accounts payable and accrued commissions and payroll are carried at amounts that approximate fair value, due to the short-term nature of the instruments. Securities owned are valued at fair value using quoted market prices.

The Company has deposits in banks in excess of the federally insured amount of \$2,095,553 which is subject to loss should the bank cease business.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were issued. The evaluation did not result in any subsequent events that required disclosures and/or adjustments.